

Free Trader

The Republican.

NEW SERIES.

NOTES.
The "Republican" is issued every Saturday morning. Advertisements and Communications to insure publication must be handed in by Thursday morning.
No debts for job work considered due on Sat. M.

FRANKLIN SOULE, EDITOR.

Subscription.—Three Dollars if paid in advance, or Four, if not paid within six months after subscribing.
Advertisements.—Nine lines (one square) or less, first insertion, One Dollar; each subsequent insertion, Fifty Cents.

BY SOULE & LEATHERMAN.

VOLUME XXIII.] WOODVILLE, (MISSISSIPPI,) SATURDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1845. [NUMBER 2.

PRODUCE.
120 BBLs. St. Louis Flour, (direct from the Mills)
4 casks sugar cured Hams,
3 do do do Sides, (sup. article)
3 do do do Shoulders,
20 kegs fresh leaf Lard.
The above articles are direct from St. Louis, and put up expressly for family use—all of which will be sold low for cash by
Oct. 16. **McKEE & ILER.**

3 CASES negro Shoes,
1 bale Blankets,
20 pieces Hugging,
20 coils Rope,
15 lbs. prime Pork, just received and for sale by
Oct. 16. **McKEE & ILER.**

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES & HARDWARE.—a general assortment just received and for sale by
Oct. 16. **McKEE & ILER.**

BOTANIC MEDICINES.
JUST received from the Botanic Drug Store No. 80 Poydras street, New Orleans, (conducted by Dr. A. A. Jones), a complete and general assortment of superior Thomsonian Medicines, simple and compounds, to which we respectfully invite the attention of our customers as well as the community generally. Every article is fully guaranteed to be fresh and good.
We have made such arrangements with the above establishment, as will enable us at all times to supply our friends and customers, with such Botanic Medicines as will fully meet their expectations when sick. The compounds are all labeled with full and specific directions for their use, so that no one need be at a loss in using them.
Dr. Jones' superior Hot Bitters, vegetable Cathartic Pills, and stimulating rheumatic pain extracting Liment, always on hand and for sale at the New Orleans retail prices, by
Oct. 16. **McKEE & ILER.**

WOODVILLE, Sept. 29, 1845.
Messrs. Soule & Leatherman—Gents.
YOU will please announce to the Gentlemen of Wilkinson and adjacent counties, that I have just received a large and well selected assortment of **READY MADE CLOTHING.**
This Clothing was purchased for Cash and at very low prices. I can sell it for Cash or good Paper, at lower prices than the same quality has ever been offered in this market. Gentlemen wishing a handsome suit very low, are invited to call and examine for themselves. Store opposite Planters' Bank, near Royal Oak.
Oct. 4. **FRANK HITCHCOCK.**

FROCK & DRESS COATS.
FASHIONABLE Dress and Frock Coats can be had from \$15 to \$80, at
Oct. 4. **FRANK HITCHCOCK'S** Store, Opposite Planters' Bank.

HUNTING COATS.
TWEED'S Fancy and Hunting Coats of all qualities, cheap by
Oct. 4. **FRANK HITCHCOCK.**

JUST RECEIVED.
50 BLUE BLANKET COATS,
50 Green " "
For sale by
Oct. 4. **FRANK HITCHCOCK.**

GENTS that wish for
Plain bl'k. Sat. Vests,
Fig'd. do do do
do do do do do
Silk and worsted do
Please call at
Oct. 4. **FRANK HITCHCOCK'S.**

JUST RECEIVED.
FINE bl'k cassimere PANTS,
Fancy do do
Tweed's do do Cheap by
Oct. 4. **FRANK HITCHCOCK.**

HATS.
5 CASES fashionable Hats, just received at the Clothing Store of
Oct. 4. **F. HITCHCOCK'S.**

BOOTS & C.
FINE and Fashionable Boots,
do Brogans and Nullifiers,
Water proof Boots and Brogans, very low by
Oct. 4. **FRANK HITCHCOCK.**

RUSSET BROGANS.
For sale by
Oct. 4. **FRANK HITCHCOCK.**

RAZORS, & C.—Gentlemen are respectfully invited to call and see the Razors, Razors, Tooth Brushes, Shaving Cream and Soap, Toilet Soap, Bear's Oil, Pomatum, Cologne, Monny-purses, Pen and Pocket Knives, Silver Pencils, Sugar Cases, Watch Guards, Drinking Cups, Pocket Books, &c. &c. at
Oct. 4. **FRANK HITCHCOCK'S.**

WHIPS!
LADIES and Gents' Riding Whips, for sale at
Oct. 4. **FRANK HITCHCOCK'S.**

TO SPORTSMEN AND OTHERS.
THE Subscriber has just received an assortment of Patent Breached Twist GUNS, together with a general assortment of Powder Flasks, Powder Horns, Shot Bags, Game Bags, Gun Wadding, Percussion Caps, Cap Primers, and superior Cassimere Powder, &c. &c., which I will sell at such prices as cannot fail to suit customers. Call at the Clothing Store opposite the Planters' Bank, near Royal Oak, Woodville.
Oct. 4. **FRANK HITCHCOCK.**

OVER COATS & C.
PETTOS and Beaver Over and Business Coats, very cheap at
Oct. 4. **FRANK HITCHCOCK'S.**

LINEN BOSOM SHIRTS, cheap, at
Nov. 6. **FRANK HITCHCOCK'S.**

TEAS.—Young Hyson, Gun Powder & Imperial, a superior lot just received by
Nov. 29. **McKEE & ILER.**

DR. S. LOUIS—Surgeon Dr. tist.
RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Wilkinson county, that he is prepared to perform all operations on the teeth, and dental and surgical operations generally. From his long experience and successful operations, he feels confident of giving all who patronize him, entire satisfaction. He will also visit private families, if requested. For proof of his abilities as a dentist, he can recommend the public to those upon whose teeth he has operated. Artificial teeth made and set upon gold plates, to resemble natural teeth.
He has taken his rooms at the office formerly occupied by Dr. Brown, below Mrs. Dunlap's tavern. Nov. 1.
N. B. Dr. L. has a chemical preparation with which he can fill old and decayed teeth, when gold foil will not stay, which makes them nearly as serviceable as the old ones.

J. KONNER, & CO.
Commission Merchants
No. 11 St. Charles Street,
New Orleans.

P. SMITH, Agent, Woodville Miss.
Is prepared to make liberal cash advances on Cotton consigned to the above House, as well as Plantation Supplies.
Oct. 11.

THE undersigned have received a fine assortment of Woolen knit Shirts, all sizes which we will sell very low. Also a fine assortment of Shoes, Ladies' & Gentlemen's Boots & Rubbers, by
Oct. 18, 1845. **J. COHEN & WOLF.**

EMPORIUM OF FASHION.
A. P. McMillan & CO.
MERCHANT TAILORS.

NOTICE.
Nottville's Buildings, next door to Squire Cooley's office. **RESPECTFULLY** inform their friends and the public of Woodville and vicinity generally, that they have established themselves at the above stand with an entire new stock of Broad Cloths, French and English Cassimeres, Dressings, &c., rich fancy Satins, Black do, Marcellines, Vestings of every description, all of the first quality, and bought low for cash, which enables them to sell lower than any other establishment in town. All garments made at the above stand shall be guaranteed in point of style, fit and workmanship to be inferior to none in the South.
N. B. Constantly on hand a large supply of trimmings. Repairs neatly executed. Orders punctually attended to.
June 26th, 1845. 28-1y

THE firm of D. McMillan and Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
A. P. McMillan,
D. McMillan.
The business will in future be conducted by the Undersigned as he alone is authorized to receive and pay all debts of the late firm.
A. P. McMillan,
August 26th 1845.

Final Settlement Notice.
AT the next January Term 1846, of the Probate Court of Wilkinson county, the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of Charles N. Wood, deceased, will present his accounts for final settlement and allowance, with said estate.
AMOS B. THOMPSON, Adm'r.
November 14, 1845. n48

FOR SALE.
That commodious house lately occupied by Schlachberger, de'd, also forty acres of land adjoining the town of Woodville. For terms &c apply to
FRED CONRAD. 52 1

Just arrived from the north.
Best quality of friction matches and brass clocks for sale by the quantity at the most reasonable terms.
Apply to **J. Dunbar & Co.**

JAIL NOTICE.
Was committed to the jail of Wilkinson county, on Friday the 5th inst., as a runaway; Negro man Jim who says he belongs to William Holbert living five miles below New Orleans. Said negro is 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, about 50 years of age, black complexion, thick lips and eyes, had on when committed a brown linen roundabout and pants, old fur cap common negro shoes nearly new.
The owner of said negro is required to comply with the law in such cases made and provided and take him out of jail.
SAMUEL MCURTREY,
Dec. 10th 1845. Jailor.

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI.
Wilkinson County.
Circuit Court, December Term thereof 1845.
HENRY KUNTZ
vs.
GILBERT HOLLY.

THE Attachment in this case was obtained by said Plaintiff against the estate of said Defendant from Francis Cooley Esquire a Justice of the Peace of said county, on the 11th day of April 1845, for the said sum of \$52 55, returnable to the October Term 1845, of said court, and the same having been returned into this court, executed by the Sheriff of this county. It is therefore ordered that a copy of this order be published in the "Republican," a newspaper printed and published in the town of Woodville in said county for four weeks successively. And unless the said defendant shall appear give special bail and plead herein, on or before the first day of our next June term of this court, Judgment by default final will be entered against him, and the effects of the garnishments hands, disposed of towards the satisfaction of said Plaintiff's debt interest and costs of suit.
A true copy from the minutes of said court.
Attest **T. W. HAYS, Clk.**
Dec. 9th 1845. By Douglas West D.C. 53 4 w

PLANTATION FOR SALE.
COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

THE undersigned, appointed by the Probate Court of Wilkinson county, Miss., at the October term 1845, thereof, commissioners to receive and examine all claims of the several creditors of the estate of George Martin, deceased, represented insolvent, will meet at the Counting Room of O. A. Buckley, in the town of Woodville, on the first Saturday of every month, until the Second Monday in April next, for the purpose of attending the creditors of said estate, and of receiving and examining the said claims, when and where the said creditors are hereby notified to bring in and prove their said claims respectively, against said estate.
J. B. THERRELL,
C. A. BUCKLEY,
JNO. McKEE.
Woodville, October 16, 1845.

POWDER & SHOT.—10 kegs sup. Powder, 30 bags Shot, of every description,
Just received and for sale by
Nov. 29. **McKEE & ILER.**

POETRY.

NOT IN WANT OF A WIFE.
O why will you bother me Kate,
With your smiles and good humor so shy
With your songs and your innocent prate
And the eloquent glance of your eye?
I'm weary of being in love—
It has long been the plague of my life,
By all the bright planets above,
I want neither sweetheart or wife.

I tremble to sit by your side—
I'm fearful of hearing you sing,
I have the experiment tried,
And, by Jove, it's a dangerous thing!
Alas that I ever should meet
Be enamored by a beauty and belle,
My heart, ever wounded and sore,
Will never find time to get well.

THE FROG—A MACHINE POETRY.
Of all the things that live
In woodlands, marsh or bog,
That creep the ground or fly the air,
The funniest is the frog—
The frog—the scientific
Of Nature's handiwork.
The frog that neither walks nor swims,
But goes it with a jerk.

With pants and coat of bottle green,
And yellow fancy vest,
He plunges into mud and mire—
All in his Sunday best!
When he sits down he's standing up,
As Paddy O'Kin once said,
And for convenience sake, he wears
His eye on top of his head.

You see him sitting on a log
Above the "neasy deep,"
You feel inclined to say, old chap,
Just look before you leap!
You raise your cane to hit him,
His ugly looking mug;
But, ere you get it half way up,
Adown he goes ker-chug!

He keeps about his native pond,
And never goes on a spree,
Not gets "howlome-you-so," for a
Cold water chip is his;
For earthly care he gets drunk
He's not the silly fool,
But when they come, he gives a jump
And drowns 'em in the pool.

MY NAME IS HAYNES.

There are thousands of people in this country who make use of the common expression, "my name is Hanes," when they are about leaving a place or a party suddenly, yet few know from whence the expression is derived. A more common saying, or one in more general use has never been got up. We hear it in Maine and in Georgia, in Maryland and Arkansas; it is in the mouth of old and young, the grave and the gay—in short my "name is Hanes" enjoys a popularity which no other cant phrase has ever attained. Having said this much of the reputation of the phrase be it our next care to give its origin.

Some forty-five years since, a gentleman by the name of Hanes was travelling on horse-back in the vicinity of Mr. Jefferson's residence in Virginia. Party spirit was running extremely high in those days. Mr. Jefferson was president, and Mr. Hanes was a rank federalist, and as a matter of course, a bitter opponent to the then administration and its head. He was not acquainted with Mr. Jefferson, and accidentally coming up with that gentleman, also travelling on horse-back, his party zeal soon led him into a conversation upon the all-absorbing topic. In the course of the conversation, Haynes took particular pains to abuse Mr. Jefferson, calling him all sorts of hard names, ran down every measure of his administration, poked the non-intercourse act at him as most outrageous and ruinous, ridiculing his gun-bolt system as preposterous and nonsensical—opposed his purchase of Louisiana as a wild scheme—in short, took every leading feature of the day, decanted on them and their originator, with the greatest bitterness. Mr. Jefferson all the while said little. There was no such thing as getting away from his very particular friend and he did not exactly feel at liberty to combat his arguments.

They finally arrived in front of Mr. Jefferson's house, Hanes, of course, not acquainted with the fact. Notwithstanding he had been vilified and abused like a pickpocket, to use the old saying, Mr. Jefferson still, with the true Virginia hospitality and politeness, invited his travelling companion to alight and partake of some refreshments. Hanes was about getting from his horse, when it occurred to him that he should ask the name of his companion.

"Jefferson," said the president blandly.
"What! Thomas Jefferson?"
Yes sir, Thomas Jefferson!"
President Thomas Jefferson!" continued the astonished federalist.
"The same," rejoined Mr. Jefferson.
"Well, my name is Hanes," and putting spurs to his horse he was out of hearing instantly. This we are informed, was the origin of the phrase.

A MEDDLER.—A person of this character is always a troublesome member of society. He is always ready to take up a report against his neighbor. If he has an object to accomplish, he does not attempt it by open, candid, straight forward means, but by oblique insinuations and dark hints, or by circulating the stories of others. If he ventures into the world of opinions it is only as a meddler. Incapable of fair, honorable discussion, and capable only of bespattering an opponent, he wears himself accordingly; for he knows if he cannot vanquish, he can soil. If such a person is noticed at all, he must be treated as a meddler, not as an honorable man who knows how to maintain his opinions and positions in a becoming manner.

We call the attention of our readers to the following Communication from our friends in New Orleans, but which we regret to say came too late for our last number.

NEW ORLEANS, 16th Dec. 1845.
FRANKLIN SOULE, E. G.
Woodville Republican.
Woodville, Miss.

DEAR SIR.—We have not addressed you any advice on our Cotton Market for some time, owing to the depressed position of the staple, which, during the greater part of last month, and until within the past ten days, rendered the demand very dull, and kept prices at so low a range, that many Planters were induced to suspend the further shipment of their Crops, and await a reaction that might enable them to secure better terms. This circumstance, together with the continued low stage of Water in the Bayous and Streams tributary to the Mississippi; have greatly impeded the receipts of Cotton, and our stock has become more reduced in consequence, than it has been for many years, at the same period of the season.

During the last two weeks, arrivals of shipping have been very numerous and freights have declined—this, also operated advantageously—and holders availed of the control thus given them, to demand higher prices, which were acceded to, in most transactions, and at the close of the past week, an advance of 1-4 c on all grades was fully established.

Yesterday, latter advices from Liverpool per 'Cambria' reached the City, and their tenor was satisfactory. The price of Cotton had improved in that Market to the extent of 1-8th of a penny per lb during the week preceding the Steamer's departure, and purchasers, both on account of manufacturers, and for speculative investment, were making to a considerable amount. The effect of this intelligence upon our own Market, was to enhance the pretensions of holders, and a further advance of from 1-8 to 1-4 c lb is now generally asked.

Transactions being, on this account, checked for the moment, it is difficult to quote with precision, but in the course of a day or two, when buyers and sellers will have come to an understanding, the rates demanded being fully 1-4 c lb better than those of last week, will in doubt be readily paid.

We are truly, Dear Sir,
Your most Obedt Serv't
Wm. DAVIDSON, & Co.
Per **W. S. JOHNSON.**

IMPORTANT TRIAL.—The present week, the court has been engaged in hearing the arguments of the counsel on a writ of error in the case of HORACE PAGAUD, who was convicted in the circuit court of Warren co. on three indictments, for forging auditors warrants, and sentenced to the penitentiary for the term of ten years in each case. The argument was opened by Luke Lea, of this city, and was followed on the same side by G. S. Yerger, in an able and lengthy argument. The attorney-general, Freeman, conducted alone the side of the state, and managed the case with much ingenuity and great ability. Gen. H. S. Foote concluded the argument in behalf of the prisoner. A large audience was in attendance during the whole of the discussion, and exhibited much interest in the result of the trial. No case has ever been argued before the supreme court with more zeal and legal ability. The court has not yet delivered an opinion in the matter, but it may be expected in a few days. It is a complicated case of circumstantial evidence. No direct proof was given on the trial, in the Circuit Court, that the forged warrants were ever in the possession of Pagaud, nor that he had ever offered them for sale or in any way disposed of them. But his handwriting was identified, and on this, and a combination of circumstances, he was convicted. We understand that Gen. Foote, in his concluding argument before the supreme court, attributed Pagaud's conviction mainly to the powerful argument of the attorney-general, who conducted the prosecution mainly in the circuit court.—[Reformer.]

A PICTURE.—Burke says that Milton's image of Lucifer, standing with one foot upon the earth and the other on the planet Saturn, shaking his sword at the Almighty, is one of the grandest metaphors in the language, and by far the sublimest expression in the work of that poet. A western editor, although he acknowledges Mr. Burke to be very good authority on the sublime and beautiful, begs leave to differ very particularly as this figure being one of the grandest things in nature—for we have seen (say he) something which surpasses it a heap. "It was a mountain goat, standing upon a piece of timber, which stretched itself far over the falls of the Niagara, in the midst of one of the most remarkable storms we ever witnessed, shaking his tail at the deepest tones of the thunder's roar, and the lurid flashes of lightning—snuffing up the vaporous mist which rose from the 'Hell of waters' below, with as much nonchalance as though he were the monarch of the mighty torrent boiling and chaffing at his feet. This was a picture."

ROMANCE.—Not long since, a company of Texan rangers, under the command of Capt. Reno, brought in as prisoners, a Mexican soldier with his young, beautiful and charming wife. She is represented as being a most bewitchingly beautiful Mexican female, about sixteen years old, and from one of the first families of the city of Mexico. Falling in love with a soldier, she eloped with him, and having crossed the Rio Grande, was taken with her husband. We have not yet heard what disposition was made of the Mexican lady by the Texans.—[Reformer.]

DEPARTMENT.

MR. EDITOR:
As you have intimated a wish in your last that I should continue my remarks on this subject, and as there is much more which might be said, I have concluded to devote another sheet to the same. Some may object to this anonymous writing, but I have many reasons and examples which might be adduced in support of the plan, and among the rest I shall mention two—First, that great literary wonder of the reign of George III, which rises like a pyramid in the wide waste of the past, whose author and finisher is alike unknown and which still sits amidst us, and perhaps will be to the end of time. No one knows who was the author of "Junius' Letters." Besides this, I have the beautiful example of Elia, whose notes thrilled the nerves of old Britain by a secret spell, like the famous Aeolian sounds, in Paeon-goula which are alike sweet and mysterious. And, by the way, speaking of the charming Elia, brings to my mind a striking passage which glows amid its casket of jewels with peculiar lustre. It is appropos to the present subject, and I doubt not will be highly esteemed by your readers, although it is a little ancient.

In his "Essay on Modern Gallantry," he introduces the admirable character of Mr. Joseph Poise as a model of true politeness. He had not one system of attention to females in the drawing-room, and another in the shop, or at the table. He never lost sight of sex, or overlooked it in the casualities of a disagreeable situation. He would stand bare-headed to a servant girl, while she was enquiring the way to some street, in such a posture of unforced civility, as neither to embarrass her in the acceptance, nor himself in the offer of it.—All this was attributable to a certain refinement he had received from his lady-love in early life, and which Elia, tells in the following manner:

"He (i. e. Joseph Poise) was never married, but in his youth he paid his addresses to the beautiful Susan Winstanley, old Winstanley's daughter, of Clapton; who dying in the early days of their courtship, confirmed in him the resolution of perpetual bachelorhood. It was during their short courtship, he told me that he had been treating his mistress with a profusion of civil speeches—the common gallantries, to which kind of thing she had hitherto manifested no repugnance—but in this instance with no effect. He could not obtain from her a decent acknowledgment in return.—She rather seemed to resent his compliments. He could not set it down to caprice, for the lady had always shown herself above that humanness. When he ventured on the following day, finding her a little better humoured, to expostulate with her on her coldness of yesterday, she confessed, with her usual frankness, that she had no sort of dislike to his attentions; that she could even endure some high-flown compliments; that a young woman placed in her situation had a right to expect all sort of civil things said to her; that she hoped she could digest a dose of adulation, short of insincerity, with as little injury to her humility as most young women; but that, a little before he had commenced his compliments, she had overheard him by accident, in rather rough language, raising a young woman who had not brought home his cravats quite to the appointed time, and she thought to herself, 'As I am Miss Susan Winstanley, and a young lady, a reputed beauty, and known to be a fortune, I can have my choice of the finest speeches from the mouth of this very fine gentleman who is courting me; but if I had been poor Mary Such-a-one, (naming the milliner,) and had failed of bringing home the cravats to the appointed hour, though perhaps I had set up half the night to forward them, what sort of compliments should I have received then? And my woman's pride come to my assistance; and I thought, that if it were only to do me honour, a female like myself, might have received handsomer usage; and I was determined not to accept any fine speeches, to the compromise of that sex, the belonging to which was after all my strongest claim and title to them."

"I think the lady discovered both generosity and a just way of thinking, in this rebuke which she gave her lover; and I have sometimes imagined, that the uncommon strain of courtesy, which through life regulated the actions and behaviour of my friend towards all of womankind indiscriminately, owed its happy origin to this reasonable lesson from the lips of his lamented mistress."

Some may think the fair Miss W. rather ultra in her feelings, and too austere in her conduct towards the man of her choice; but I suppose she felt herself

—a womanly, a woman wronged!
And when our sex, from injuries take fire,
Our mistresses turn to fury—and our thoughts
Breathe vengeance and destruction.
Not even the soldier's fury raised in war,
The rage of tyrants, when domestic wrongs
The pride of priests, to bloody when in power
Are half so dreadful as a woman's vengeance.
—GRONPEUSE.

EVACUATION DAY.—November 25th, is always spent as a great gala day in the city of New York. It is in commemoration of the evacuation of the city by the British troops, in 1783. The day was ushered in by the firing of salutes, from the battery, answered by return salutes, from forts Washington and Tompkins and McGowan's pass. A grand review was held in the Washington parade ground, in presence of the Governor and suite. Infantry company paraded the principal streets and in Broad street, the head quarters of Gen. George Washington, in 1783, the American flag was hoisted. An eloquent and appropriate address was delivered at the arsenal by Mr. Murray. After refreshments, went to the theatre, and participated in the dedication of a new building, erected as a deposite for the trophies taken from the British army during our war with them.—[Reformer.]

THE two most precious things on this side of the grave are reputation and life. But it is to be lamented that the contemptible whisper may deprive us of the one, and the weakest weapon of the other.